SAFETY DATA SHEET



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name Aircol LPT-P 32
Product code 468912-FR01
SDS no. 468912
Product type Liquid.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery-Industrial General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery-Professional

Use of the substance/

mixture

Refrigerator compressor lubricant.

For specific application advice see appropriate Technical Data Sheet or consult our company

representative.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier BP France

Campus Saint Christophe Bâtiment Galilée 3 10 avenue de l'Entreprise Cergy Saint Christophe 95863 CERGY PONTOISE

France

Tel: +33 (0)1 34 22 40 00

E-mail address MSDSadvice@bp.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

EMERGENCY Tél 01 45 42 59 59 : ORFILA

TELEPHONE NUMBER Tél 01 40 05 48 48 - Centre Anti-Poisons de Paris, Hôpital Fernand Widal - 200, Rue de

Faubourg Saint-Denis - 75475 Paris Cedex 10

Tél 04 72 11 69 11 - Centre Anti-Poisons de Lyon, Hôpital Edouard Herriot, Bâtiment A - 162,

Avenue de la Cassagne - 69424 Lyon Cedex 3

Tél 04 91 75 25 25 - Centre Anti-Poisons de Marseille, Hôpital Salvator, 249, Boulevard Sainte-

Marguerite - 13274 Marseille Cedex 9

Tél: 01 30 30 49 99 - Permanence BP France 24/24

Carechem: +44 (0) 1235 239 670 (24/7)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See sections 11 and 12 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms and environmental hazards.

2.2 Label elements

Signal word No signal word.

Hazard statements H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

Response Not applicable.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Storage Not applicable

Disposal P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

Not applicable.

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

Not applicable.

fastenings

Tactile warning of danger Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006,

Annex XIII.

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Defatting to the skin.

USED OILS FROM REFRIGERANT COMPRESSORS:

Used oils may be contaminated with refrigerant gases, some of which may be hazardous (e.g

ammonia).

See note under "Disposal Considerations," section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Product definition Mixture

Highly refined base oil (IP 346 DMSO extract < 3%). Proprietary performance additives.

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Type
Sistillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	REACH #: 01-2119480375-34 EC: 265-156-6 CAS: 64742-53-6 Index: 649-466-00-2	≥25 - ≤50	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1]
Benzene, C14-30-alkyl derivs.	EC: 272-472-8 CAS: 68855-24-3	≤5	Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	[1]
tris(methylphenyl)phosphate	EC: 215-548-8 CAS: 1330-78-5	<2.5	Repr. 2, H361fd (Fertility and Unborn child) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids

should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Check for and remove any

contact lenses. Get medical attention.

Skin contact Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove

contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before

reuse. Get medical attention if irritation develops.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by

mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical

attention immediately. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Protection of first-aidersNo action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be

dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation Vapour inhalation under ambient conditions is not normally a problem due to low vapour

pressure.

Ingestion No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Eye contact No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Inhalation Overexposure to the inhalation of airborne droplets or aerosols may cause irritation of the

respiratory tract.

Ingestion Ingestion of large quantities may cause nausea and diarrhoea.

Skin contact Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation and/or dermatitis.

Eye contact Potential risk of transient stinging or redness if accidental eye contact occurs.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishingUse foam or all-purpose dry chemical to extinguish.

media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet. The use of a water jet may cause the fire to spread by splashing the burning product.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from theIn a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion

Combustion products may include the following:

products

carbon oxides (CO, CO₂) (carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide)

phosphorus oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for

fire-fighters

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. This material is harmful to aquatic organisms. Fire water contaminated with this material must be

contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN

469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Contact emergency personnel. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Floors may be slippery; use care to avoid falling. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

Entry into a confined space or poorly ventilated area contaminated with vapour, mist or fume is extremely hazardous without the correct respiratory protective equipment and a safe system of work. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear a suitable chemical protective suit. Chemical resistant boots. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 5 for firefighting measures.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 12 for environmental precautions.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid contact of spilt material and runoff with soil and surface waterways. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Do not reuse container. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store and use only in equipment/ containers designed for use with this product. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Prolonged exposure to elevated temperature.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Not suitable

Recommendations See section 1.2 and Exposure scenarios in annex, if applicable.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limit value known.

Whilst specific OELs for certain components may be shown in this section, other components may be present in any mist, vapour or dust produced. Therefore, the specific OELs may not be applicable to the product as a whole and are provided for guidance only.

Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Derived No Effect Level

No DNELs/DMELs available.

Predicted No Effect Concentration

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the relevant airborne concentrations below their respective occupational exposure limits.

All activities involving chemicals should be assessed for their risks to health, to ensure exposures are adequately controlled. Personal protective equipment should only be considered after other forms of control measures (e.g. engineering controls) have been suitably evaluated. Personal protective equipment should conform to appropriate standards, be suitable for use, be kept in good condition and properly maintained.

Your supplier of personal protective equipment should be consulted for advice on selection and appropriate standards. For further information contact your national organisation for standards. The final choice of protective equipment will depend upon a risk assessment. It is important to ensure that all items of personal protective equipment are compatible.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Entry into a confined space or poorly ventilated area contaminated with vapour, mist or fume is extremely hazardous without the correct respiratory protective equipment and a safe system of work.

For protection against metal working fluids, respiratory protection that is classified as "resistant to oil" (class R) or oil proof (class P) should be selected where appropriate. Depending on the level of airborne contaminants, an air-purifying, half-mask respirator (with HEPA filter) including disposable (P- or R-series) (for oil mists less than 50mg/m3), or any powered, air-purifying respirator equipped with hood or helmet and HEPA filter (for oil mists less than 125 mg/m3). Where organic vapours are a potential hazard during metalworking operations, a combination particulate and organic vapour filter may be necessary.

The correct choice of respiratory protection depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the respiratory equipment. Safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Respiratory protection equipment should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.

Eye/face protection Skin protection Hand protection

Safety glasses with side shields.

General Information:

Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. The correct choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, and the conditions of work and use. Most gloves provide protection for only a limited time before they must be discarded and replaced (even the best chemically resistant gloves will break down after repeated chemical exposures).

(France)

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Gloves should be chosen in consultation with the supplier / manufacturer and taking account of a full assessment of the working conditions.

Wear chemical resistant gloves. Recommended: Nitrile gloves.

Breakthrough time:

Breakthrough time data are generated by glove manufacturers under laboratory test conditions and represent how long a glove can be expected to provide effective permeation resistance. It is important when following breakthrough time recommendations that actual workplace conditions are taken into account. Always consult with your glove supplier for up-to-date technical information on breakthrough times for the recommended glove type. Our recommendations on the selection of gloves are as follows:

Continuous contact:

Gloves with a minimum breakthrough time of 240 minutes, or >480 minutes if suitable gloves can be obtained.

If suitable gloves are not available to offer that level of protection, gloves with shorter breakthrough times may be acceptable as long as appropriate glove maintenance and replacement regimes are determined and adhered to.

Short-term / splash protection:

Recommended breakthrough times as above.

It is recognised that for short-term, transient exposures, gloves with shorter breakthrough times may commonly be used. Therefore, appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes must be determined and rigorously followed.

Glove Thickness:

For general applications, we recommend gloves with a thickness typically greater than 0.35 mm.

It should be emphasised that glove thickness is not necessarily a good predictor of glove resistance to a specific chemical, as the permeation efficiency of the glove will be dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Therefore, glove selection should also be based on consideration of the task requirements and knowledge of breakthrough times. Glove thickness may also vary depending on the glove manufacturer, the glove type and the glove model. Therefore, the manufacturers' technical data should always be taken into account to ensure selection of the most appropriate glove for the task.

Note: Depending on the activity being conducted, gloves of varying thickness may be required for specific tasks. For example:

- Thinner gloves (down to 0.1 mm or less) may be required where a high degree of manual dexterity is needed. However, these gloves are only likely to give short duration protection and would normally be just for single use applications, then disposed of.
- Thicker gloves (up to 3 mm or more) may be required where there is a mechanical (as well as a chemical) risk i.e. where there is abrasion or puncture potential.

Skin and body

Use of protective clothing is good industrial practice.

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Cotton or polyester/cotton overalls will only provide protection against light superficial contamination that will not soak through to the skin. Overalls should be laundered on a regular basis. When the risk of skin exposure is high (e.g. when cleaning up spillages or if there is a risk of splashing) then chemical resistant aprons and/or impervious chemical suits and boots will be required.

Refer to standards:

Respiratory protection: EN 529 Gloves: EN 420, EN 374 Eye protection: EN 166 Filtering half-mask: EN 149

Filtering half-mask with valve: EN 405 Half-mask: EN 140 plus filter Full-face mask: EN 136 plus filter Particulate filters: EN 143 Gas/combined filters: EN 14387

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure

controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.

Colour Yellow. [Light]
Odour Not available.
Odour threshold Not available.
PH Not available.
Melting point/freezing point Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling Not available.

range

Pour point 42 °C

Evaporation rate Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or Not available.

explosive limits

Vapour pressureNot available.Vapour densityNot available.Relative densityNot available.

Density <1000 kg/m³ (<1 g/cm³) at 15°C

Solubility(ies) insoluble in water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ Not available.

water

Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

Decomposition temperature Not available.

Viscosity Kinematic: 31.5 mm²/s (31.5 cSt) at 40°C

Kinematic: 4.6 mm²/s (4.6 cSt) at 100°C

Explosive propertiesNot available. **Oxidising properties**Not available.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity No specific test data available for this product. Refer to Conditions to avoid and Incompatible

materials for additional information.

10.2 Chemical stability The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility ofUnder normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

10.5 Incompatible materials Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials.

10.6 Hazardous Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be

decomposition products produced.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation Vapour inhalation under ambient conditions is not normally a problem due to low vapour

pressure.

Ingestion No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Eye contact No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation May be harmful by inhalation if exposure to vapour, mists or fumes resulting from thermal

decomposition products occurs.

Ingestion No specific data.

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

dryness cracking

Eye contact No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Inhalation Overexposure to the inhalation of airborne droplets or aerosols may cause irritation of the

respiratory tract.

Ingestion Ingestion of large quantities may cause nausea and diarrhoea.

Skin contact Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation and/or dermatitis.

Eye contact Potential risk of transient stinging or redness if accidental eye contact occurs.

Potential chronic health effects

GeneralNo known significant effects or critical hazards.CarcinogenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.MutagenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Environmental hazards Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Expected to be biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

This product is not expected to bioaccumulate through food chains in the environment.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

Mobility Spillages may penetrate the soil causing ground water contamination.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Other ecological information Spills may form a film on water surfaces causing physical damage to organisms. Oxygen

transfer could also be impaired.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal Where possible, arrange for product to be recycled. Dispose of via an authorised person/

licensed waste disposal contractor in accordance with local regulations.

NOTE: Used oils from refrigerant compressors

Used oil contaminated with refrigerant gas may possess hazards which require particular handling, storage and disposal precautions. It is recommended that the safety data sheet for

the refrigerant gas concerned is consulted.

Hazardous waste

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
13 02 05*	mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils

However, deviation from the intended use and/or the presence of any potential contaminants may require an alternative waste disposal code to be assigned by the end user.

Packaging

Methods of disposal Where possible, arrange for product to be recycled. Dispose of via an authorised person/ licensed waste disposal contractor in accordance with local regulations.

Waste code	European waste catalogue (EWC)
15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

Special precautions

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Empty containers represent a fire hazard as they may contain flammable product residues and vapour. Never weld, solder or braze empty containers. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

References Commission 2014/955/EU Directive 2008/98/EC

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	-

14.6 Special precautions for

Not available.

Marpol and the IBC Code

Not available.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Other regulations

REACH StatusThe company, as identified in Section 1, sells this product in the EU in compliance with the

current requirements of REACH.

United States inventory

(TSCA 8b)

All components are active or exempted.

Australia inventory (AICS)

Canada inventory

China inventory (IECSC)

Japan inventory (ENCS)

Korea inventory (KECI)

All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory

(PICCS)

All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory

(TCSI)

All components are listed or exempted.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

EU - Water framework directive - Priority substances

None of the components are listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

National regulations

Social Security Code,

Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7

Sécurité sociale : tableau 36

Reinforced medical

surveillance

Not applicable

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for one or more of the substances within this mixture. A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out for the mixture itself.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Inland Waterway

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

CSA = Chemical Safety Assessment CSR = Chemical Safety Report DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

ES = Exposure Scenario

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

EWC = European Waste Catalogue

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

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SECTION 16: Other information

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as

modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation

[Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006]

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

RRN = REACH Registration Number

SADT = Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature

SVHC = Substances of Very High Concern

STOT-RE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure STOT-SE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

TWA = Time weighted average

UN = United Nations

UVCB = Complex hydrocarbon substance

VOC = Volatile Organic Compound

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Varies = may contain one or more of the following 64741-88-4 / RRN 01-2119488706-23, 64741-89-5 / RRN 01-2119487067-30, 64741-95-3 / RRN 01-2119487081-40, 64741-96-4/ RRN

01-2119483621-38, 64742-01-4 / RRN 01-2119488707-21, 64742-44-5 / RRN

01-2119985177-24, 64742-45-6, 64742-52-5 / RRN 01-2119467170-45, 64742-53-6 / RRN

01-2119480375-34, 64742-54-7 / RRN 01-2119484627-25, 64742-55-8 / RRN 01-2119487077-29, 64742-56-9 / RRN 01-2119480132-48, 64742-57-0 / RRN

01-2119489287-22, 64742-58-1, 64742-62-7 / RRN 01-2119480472-38, 64742-63-8,

64742-65-0 / RRN 01-2119471299-27, 64742-70-7 / RRN 01-2119487080-42, 72623-85-9 /

RRN 01-2119555262-43, 72623-86-0 / RRN 01-2119474878-16, 72623-87-1 / RRN

01-2119474889-13

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification		Justification	
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		Calculation method	
Full text of abbreviated H statements	H304 H361fd H400 H410	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	H413 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Repr. 2, H361fd	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (Fertility and Unborn child) - Category 2	
<u>History</u>			
Date of issue/ Date of revision	16/06/2020.		
Date of previous issue	22/11/2019.		
Prepared by	Product Stewardship		

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Industrial

Identification of the substance or mixture

Product definition Mixture

Code 468912-FR01

Product name Aircol LPT-P 32

Section 1: Title

Short title of the exposure

List of use descriptors

scenario

General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery - Industrial

Identified use name: General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or

machinery-Industrial

Process Category: PROC01, PROC08b, PROC09, PROC02

Sector of end use: SU03

Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No. Environmental Release Category: ERC04, ERC07

Specific Environmental Release Category: ATIEL-ATC SPERC 4.Biv1

Processes and activities covered by the exposure

scenario

Covers general use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery in closed systems. Includes filling and draining of containers and operation of enclosed machinery (including engines) and associated maintenance and storage activities.

Section 2 Operational conditions and risk management measures

Section 2.1 Control of worker exposure

No exposure scenario is presented because the product is not classified for Human Health

Contributing scenarios: Operational conditions and risk management measures

Section 2.2: Control of environmental exposure

Amounts used:

EU tonnage of risk determining substance 2.63E+3 Tonnes/year

per year:

Frequency and duration of use:

Emission days 300

Environment factors not influenced by risk

management:

Local freshwater dilution factor 10

Local marine water dilution factor 100

Other conditions affecting environmental

exposure:

Negligible wastewater emissions as process operates without water

contact.

Release fraction to air (after typical onsite

RMMs)

Aircol LPT-P 32

5.00E-05

Release fraction to soil from process (after

typical onsite RMMs)

. 0

Release fraction to wastewater from process 2.5E-11

(after typical onsite RMMs and before

sewage treatment plan)

Technical conditions and measures at Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process

process level (source) to prevent release: release estimates used.

General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery - Industrial

12/16

Technical on-site conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil:

Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site:

Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant:

Estimated substance removal from wastewater via on-site sewage treatment

Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow rate (m3/d)

Maximum allowable site tonnage (M_{Safe}) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal as product:

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal:

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste:

Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.

User sites are assumed to be provided with oil/water separators and waste water to be discharged via a sewage treatment plant

Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.

Sewage sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

79

2.00E+3

208240.8

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Section 3: Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Environment

Exposure assessment (environment): Used ECETOC TRA model (May 2010 release).

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers

Exposure assessment (human): No exposure scenario is presented because the product is not

classified for Human Health

Section 4: Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Environment	Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required. For further information see www.ATIEL.org/REACH_GES
Health	No exposure scenario is presented because the product is not classified for Human Health



Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Professional

Identification of the substance or mixture

Product definition Mixture Code 468912-FR01 Aircol LPT-P 32 **Product name**

Section 1: Title

Short title of the exposure

List of use descriptors

scenario

scenario

General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery - Professional

Identified use name: General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or

machinery-Professional

Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC08a, PROC08b, PROC20

Sector of end use: SU22

Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No. Environmental Release Category: ERC09a, ERC09b

Specific Environmental Release Category: ATIEL-ATC SPERC 9.Bp.v1

Processes and activities covered by the exposure Covers general use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery in closed systems. Includes filling and draining of containers and operation of enclosed machinery (including engines) and associated maintenance and storage activities.

Section 2 Operational conditions and risk management measures

Section 2.1 Control of worker exposure

No exposure scenario is presented because the product is not classified for Human Health

Contributing scenarios: Operational conditions and risk management measures

Section 2.2: Control of environmental exposure

Amounts used:

EU tonnage of risk determining substance 5.39 Tonnes/year

per year:

Frequency and duration of use:

Emission days 365

Environment factors not influenced by risk

management:

10 Local freshwater dilution factor Local marine water dilution factor 100

Other conditions affecting environmental exposure:

Negligible wastewater emissions as process operates without water

contact.

Release fraction to air (after typical onsite

RMMs)

1.00E-04

Release fraction to soil from process (after

typical onsite RMMs)

1E-03

Release fraction to wastewater from process 6.25E-4

(after typical onsite RMMs and before

sewage treatment plan)

Technical conditions and measures at Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process

process level (source) to prevent release: release estimates used.

Aircol LPT-P 32 General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery - Professional

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Technical on-site conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil:

Organisational measures to prevent/limit

release from site:

Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant:

reatment plant:
Estimated substance removal from
wastewater via on-site sewage treatment

Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow rate (m3/d)

Maximum allowable site tonnage (Msafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal as product:

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal:

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste:

Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. User sites are assumed to be provided with oil/water separators and waste water to be discharged via a sewage treatment plant

Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.

Sewage sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

79

2.00E+3

2.000

161.6

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Section 3: Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Environment

Exposure assessment (environment): Used ECETOC TRA model (May 2010 release).

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers

Exposure assessment (human): No exposure scenario is presented because the product is not

classified for Human Health

Section 4: Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

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Environment	Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required. For further information see www.ATIEL.org/REACH_GES
Health	No exposure scenario is presented because the product is not classified for Human Health



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